

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

MARIA DE LOS ANGELES ADAME DE
DIAZ,

Plaintiff,

v.

COMMISSIONER OF SOCIAL SECURITY,

Defendant.

Case No. 1:23-cv-01129-CDB (SS)

ORDER ON STIPULATION FOR AWARD
OF ATTORNEY FEES AND EXPENSES
PURSUANT TO THE EQUAL ACCESS TO
JUSTICE ACT, 28 U.S.C. § 2412(d)

(Doc. 23)

Pending before the Court is the parties' stipulation for award of attorney's fees pursuant to the Equal Access to Justice Act ("EAJA"), 28 U.S.C. § 2412(d). (Doc. 23). The parties agree that an award of attorney's fees to counsel for Plaintiff Maria De Los Angeles Adame De Diaz ("Plaintiff") should be made payable to Plaintiff, but if the Department of the Treasury determines that Plaintiff does not owe a federal debt, then the Commissioner shall cause the payment of fees, expenses, and costs to be made directly to Plaintiff's counsel, Jonathan O. Peña. *Id.* at 2. By his stipulated motion, Plaintiff requests \$6,250.00 in fees and expenses pursuant to the EAJA, 28 U.S.C. § 2412(d). *Id.* at 1.

On April 1, 2024, the Court granted the parties' stipulated motion for a voluntary remand and remanded the case pursuant to sentence four of 42 U.S.C. § 405(g) to the Commissioner for further administrative proceedings. (Doc. 21). Judgment was entered the same day. (Doc. 22).

1 On July 1, 2024, Plaintiff filed the pending stipulation for attorney fees. (Doc. 23).

2 Plaintiff requests an award of attorney fees and expenses as the prevailing party. *Id.*; see
3 *Shalala v. Schaefer*, 509 U.S. 292, 300-02 (1993) (concluding that a party who wins a sentence-
4 four remand order under 42 U.S.C. § 405(g) is a prevailing party). Plaintiff's request is timely.
5 *Van v. Barnhart*, 483 F.3d 600, 607 (9th Cir. 2007). The Commissioner does not oppose the
6 requested relief. (Doc. 22).

7 The EAJA provides for an award of attorney fees to private litigants who both prevail in
8 civil actions (other than tort) against the United States and timely file a petition for fees. 28
9 U.S.C. § 2412(d)(1)(A). Under the EAJA, a court shall award attorney fees to the prevailing
10 party unless it finds the government's position was "substantially justified or that special
11 circumstances make such an award unjust." *Id.* Here, the government did not show its position
12 was substantially justified and the Court finds there are not special circumstances that would
13 make an award unjust. Moreover, the government does not oppose Plaintiff's stipulated
14 request. See *Sanchez v. Berryhill*, No. 1:16-cv-01081-SKO, 2018 WL 509817, at *2 (E.D. Cal.
15 Jan. 23, 2018) (finding position of the government was not substantially justified in view of the
16 Commissioner's assent to remand); *Knyazhina v. Colvin*, No. 2:12-cv-2726 DAD, 2014 WL
17 5324302, at *1 (E.D. Cal. Oct. 17, 2014) (same).

18 Plaintiff requests an award of \$6,250.00 in EAJA fees. (Doc. 23). The Ninth Circuit
19 maintains a list of the statutory maximum hourly rates authorized by the EAJA, adjusted for
20 increases in the cost of living, on its website. See *Thangaraja v. Gonzales*, 428 F.3d 870, 876-
21 77 (9th Cir. 2005). Even assuming Plaintiff's counsel seeks the published maximum hourly
22 rate (244.62),¹ the requested award would amount to approximately 26 hours of attorney time
23 (not accounting for any paralegal time expended). The Court finds this reasonable and
24 commensurate with the number of hours an attorney would need to have spent reviewing the
25 certified administrative record in this case (3096 pages) and preparing a motion for summary
26 judgment that raises one issue for the Court's review. (Doc. 17). With respect to the results
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28 ¹ *Statutory Maximum Rates Under the Equal Access to Justice*, available at
<https://www.ca9.uscourts.gov/attorneys/statutory-maximum-rates/> (last visited July 2, 2024).

1 obtained, Plaintiff's counsel obtained a favorable judgment remanding the case for further
2 administrative proceedings. (Docs. 21-22).

3 EAJA fees, expenses, and costs are subject to any offsets allowed under the Treasury
4 Offset Program ("TOP"), as discussed in *Astrue v. Ratliff*, 560 U.S. 586 (2010). If the
5 Commissioner determines upon effectuation of this order that Plaintiff's EAJA fees are not
6 subject to any offset allowed under the TOP, the fees shall be delivered or otherwise
7 transmitted to Plaintiff's counsel.

8 Accordingly, it is HEREBY ORDERED:

- 9 1. Plaintiff's stipulated request for attorney's fees pursuant to the EAJA (Doc. 23) is
10 GRANTED; and
- 11 2. The Commissioner is directed to pay to Plaintiff as the prevailing party attorney fees in
12 the amount of \$6,250.00 and no costs, pursuant to the terms set forth in the parties'
13 stipulation. (Doc. 23). Fees shall be made payable to Plaintiff, but if the Department of
14 the Treasury determines that Plaintiff does not owe a federal debt, then the government
15 shall cause the payment of fees, expenses, and costs to be made directly to Plaintiff's
16 counsel, as set forth in the stipulation.

17 IT IS SO ORDERED.

18 Dated: July 2, 2024

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20 UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE
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